



# Monthly Energy Update

## FERC Finalizes New Cybersecurity Incentives for Electric Utilities

Page 8

For information,  
contact UAE staff at  
801-355-4374

- EPA Plan Could Impose Drastic Cuts on Plant Emissions by 2030 .....1**
- FERC Finds PacifiCorp's Formula Rate Protocols "Unjust" and "Unreasonable"...2**
- Participants Put SPP+ Markets Proposal on a Fast Track .....3**
- CAISO Moving to Dynamic Line Ratings for EIM, Transmission System .....4**
- Utah and Partners Apply for \$1.25B Toward Hydrogen Economy .....5**
- Wyoming and EPA Continue Fight over Ozone Rules.....6**
- DOE Study: Transmisison Needed For Wind and Solar .....7**
- EPA Details \$27 Billion Climate Plan.....7**
- FERC Finalizes New Cybersecurity Incentives for Electric Utilities .....8**
- DOE Sees Progress in Carbon Capture Despite High Costs .....9**
- Hydrogen Developers Wait On Tax Code Definition of 'Green'.....10**
- Western Power Prices.....11**

## EPA Plan Could Impose Drastic Cuts on Power Plant Emissions by 2030

**A** long-awaited climate rule, which is expected to face legal challenges, will likely push plants that burn fossil fuels to use carbon capture technology or hydrogen.

The Biden administration is planning to unveil a proposal requiring power plants to drastically reduce their greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by 2040, another attempt to regulate one of the nation’s biggest contributors to pollution after the Supreme Court struck down the first effort, according to administration staff.

If the plan is implemented, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) could set limits so stringent that fossil-fuel-burning power plants probably would have to use technology to capture their carbon dioxide emissions from their smokestacks or switch to other fuels to comply, according to the three people, who spoke on the condition of anonymity.

The proposal is still under final analysis at the White House and could change before the EPA completes and announces the formal proposal in about two weeks.

The limits could nearly eliminate emissions from fossil-fuel burning plants after the most stringent standards go fully into effect. Another source familiar with the proposal said that there will be significant cuts to emissions from these plants, but potentially not as extreme as some fear.